



Tengizchevroil Fact Sheet

3Q 2013

History and Ownership

- Tengiz, the world's deepest producing super giant oil field, was discovered in 1979.
- The Tengizchevroil (TCO) partnership was formed on April 6, 1993, between the Republic of Kazakhstan and Chevron. Current partners are Chevron, 50 percent; KazMunaiGas, 20 percent; ExxonMobil Kazakhstan Ventures Inc., 25 percent; LukArco B.V., 5 percent.

Production and Reserves

- Total recoverable crude oil in the Tengiz and Korolev fields is estimated to be 750 to 1.1 billion metric tonnes (6 to 9 billion barrels). Estimated oil in place in the Tengiz field is 3 billion metric tonnes (26 billion barrels) with 190 million metric tonnes (1.5 billion barrels) in the Korolev field. The circumference of the Tengiz reservoir is large, measuring 20 kilometers (12 miles) by 21 kilometers (13 miles).
- TCO completed its Sour Gas Injection and Second Generation Plant expansion project in 2008, which brought daily production capacity to approximately 75,000 metric tonnes (600,000 barrels) of crude oil and 22 million cubic meters (750 mscf) of natural gas.

Crude Production

- Crude production January through September 2013 was 20.1 million metric tonnes (160 million barrels).
- TCO exports crude oil through a variety of transportation routes. TCO exported crude oil via the CPC pipeline to Novorossiysk, via rail to Odessa and Taman, as well as to Aktau, then further to Batumi and Kulevi.

Product Sales

- TCO sold more than 1 million metric tonnes of LPG and 5.3 billion cubic meters of dry gas.
- TCO sold 2.86 million metric tonnes of sulfur, which is 161 percent of the 1.78 million metric tonnes produced for the same period. TCO's sales success has resulted in the reduction of volumes of sulfur stored in Tengiz inventory to 1.5 million tonnes as of September 30, 2013.
- TCO's premium sulfur is sold in four different forms to customers in many countries, including Kazakhstan, Russia, Ukraine, China and other countries primarily in the Mediterranean and Central Asia regions.

Health, Safety and the Environment

- TCO has invested \$2.6 billion since the year 2000 on projects to minimize environmental impact.
- Such investments in environmental protection have enabled TCO to reduce total gas flaring volumes by 92 percent since the year 2000.
- Total air emissions generated per tonne of oil produced have been reduced by 68 percent since 2000. January through September 2013, TCO averaged 2.5 kilograms of emissions per tonne of oil produced. Since 2000, TCO has increased annual crude oil production volume by 131 percent.
- Investments in environmental protection and improvements in plant reliability have helped TCO to achieve reduction in the number of technical malfunctions at the KTL plant by 81 percent, and the volume of sour and acid gas flaring during technical malfunctions by 87 percent from 2000 to 2012.



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TCO's Financial Impact

- From 1993 through September 2013, TCO made direct financial payments of \$85.6 billion to Kazakhstani entities, including Kazakhstani employees' salaries, purchases of Kazakhstani goods and services, tariffs and fees paid to state-owned companies, profit distributions to Kazakhstani shareholder and taxes and royalties paid to the government.
- In 2012, direct payments to the Republic of Kazakhstan totaled \$14.2 billion. January through September 2013, direct payments to the Republic of Kazakhstan totaled \$11.3 billion.

Kazakhstani Content

- TCO has spent over \$1.6 billion on Kazakhstani goods and services January through September 2013. TCO has invested more than \$14.8 billion on Kazakhstani goods and services since 1993.

Workforce Development

- Kazakhstani citizens hold 87 percent of TCO positions, compared to 50 percent in 1993.
- Kazakhstani managers and supervisors represent 77 percent of the TCO managerial workforce. Ongoing training and development programs exist to support the advancement of employees to positions of increasing responsibility.

Community Outreach

- Since 1993, TCO has invested more than \$860 million to fund social projects and programs in the Atyrau Oblast for the community and employees.
- TCO invested \$20 million in the Egilik (benefit in Kazakh) voluntary social infrastructure program in 2012. Most of the investment was focused on reconstruction of a new, over \$60 million water system in Kulsary. In 2013, TCO has another \$25 million budgeted for Egilik, the majority of which will be spent for construction of kindergartens and schools in Atyrau and Zhylyoi district.
- In 2013, TCO's Community Investment Program has more than \$1 million in projects planned to help improve the quality of health, education and training in Atyrau Oblast.